

Day 1: • A pronoun is a word that replaces a noun. pro = on behalf of + noun
- I, you, we, y'all, they, he/she/it

Forms:	1st person singular		1st person plural		2nd person singular		2nd person plural	
nom	ego	I	nos	we	tu	you	vos	you (pl)
gen	mei	of mine	nostrum	of ours	tui	of yours	vestrum	of yours
dat	mihi	to/for me	vobis	to/for us	tibi	to/for you	vobis	to/for you
acc	me	me (d.o.)	nos	us (d.o.)	te	you (d.o.)	vos	you (d.o.)
abl	me	me	nobis	us	te	you	vobis	you

• Nota bene: you must translate the genitive forms as of + pronoun or as 's. (mine, you-'s, our's, etc.)

Difference between: my book / book of mine
adjective personal pronoun

Example sentences in English:

1. He threw the ball to me (mihi)
2. I heard that she stole that new bike of yours (tui)
3. You can find us near the entrance. (tu/vos) (nos)

Example sentences in Latin:

1. Nomen novum mihi dat. = He gives to me a new name
2. servus tui valde sapiens est. = the slave ^{to me} of yours is very wise.
3. Hostes nos mane oppugnat. = The enemy attacks ^{us} us in the morning

Day 2: Is, Ea, Id review

3rd person singular			3rd person plural		
He (masc.)	She (fem.)	It (neuter)	They (masc, fem, neuter)		
is he	ea she	id it	masc ei	fem eae	neuter ea
eius of his	eius of hers	eius its	eorum	eorum	eorum
ei to him	ei to her	ei to it	eis	eis	eis
eam him (d.o.)	eam her (d.o.)	id it (d.o.)	eos	eas	ea
eo him	ea her	eo it	eis	eis	eis

they
of them
to/for them
them (d.o.)
them

• In English, there is no difference in translation for plural forms. They are all "they"